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قسم التاريخ

كتاب المعجم في أصحاب الإمام أبي علي الصديقي
لابن الأثير (ت658هـ / 1260م)
- دراسة في المنهج والمضمون -

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رسالة ماجستير
التاريخ / التاريخ الإسلامي

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المستخلص بلغة الرسالة

تعد كتب التراجم والفهارس ذات اهمية كبيرة وذلك بحكم ارتباطها الوثيق بالتاريخ ، اذ انها تضاهي العلوم العربية الاسلامية الاخرى من حيث كثرة التصنيف والتأليف ، كما ان كتب التاريخ هذه لها الثقل الاكبر في دراسة التاريخ العربي الاسلامي عموما والانديسي خصوصا ، اذ احتوى الكتاب على كم هائل من التراجم لعدد كبير من العلماء والفقهاء والقضاة والطلبة ، وان مؤلفه ابن الابار قد اعتمد في ترتيبه لتلك التراجم حسب حروف المعجم ، فضلا عن معرفة الحياة العلمية والعلوم التي كانت متداولة في عهدي ابن الابار (مؤلف الكتاب) وابي علي الصديقي (المؤلف عنه الكتاب) ، وكذلك معرفة الحياة السياسية والاجتماعية في بلاد الاندلس ، الى جانب الاهتمام الواضح من قبل علماء تلك الفترة بالعلوم الدينية وبالاخص علوم الحديث والفقه والقراءات ، وعقد المجالس العلمية واداء الرحلات العلمية والقيام بالمراسلات الكتابية العلمية .

مسؤول الدراسات العليا في الكلية

أ.م.د. صفوان تاج الدين علي

Abstract

Index books and biography books are very important for they are highly related to history. These books may match in value the other Islamic sciences, since the former have their own variety of classifications and composition. Moreover, these books are important for they are directly related to the science of narrators which is used for judging the (un)acceptability of the Holy Prophetic Sayings. Undoubtedly, these books have their own importance in the study of the Islamic History in general and the Andalus History in particular, since they shed light on the political, economic, social and intellectual circumstances in the Islamic countries. Thus, these authoresses have achieved great fame in the various fields of science and knowledge.

One of the most important reasons behind choosing the present study (A Methodological and Scientific Study of Ibn Al Abbar's Lexicography). This study is intended to enrich the Arabic library with this kind of Andalus studies. This study is also important for shedding light on the science dealt with by the figures of science at that time.

Ibn Al Abbar is one of the most important figures, whose book is the centre of the present study. The present study is also important for showing the fields of science dealt with at that time, where the students were highly promoting travelling for the sake of studying these fields of science. In addition, the present study sheds some light on the student's conditions and the reliable scientific resources at that time, and the political and the military circumstances of the countries at that time. The present study may offer a chance for the researchers of this kind of studies, as well as to show clearly how Al Sadafi and his students lived and the effect of Al Sadafi's studies on the learners at that time.

The study is divided into three chapters in addition to the maps, appendices and letters. Chapter one presents an introduction to Ibn Al Abbar's book. This chapter, in turn, is divided into three parts. The first part gives a detailed account on: Ibn Al Abbar's life, the second part deals with Al Sadafi's life, and in the third part the index books and biography books and the old men are mentioned. Chapter two deals with Ibn AL Abbar's book, where the following points are covered: the differences between lexicography and complementation, Ibn Al abbar's style in arranging the biographies in his book, and the written and oral resources and the inner criticism. Chapter three is about the scientific content of Ibn Al Abbar's book, where this chapter involves what was narrated in the books like some Prophetic Sayings and the scientific epistolary, as well as Al Sadafi's journeys.

Concerning the findings, the present study finds out that Ibn Al Abbar's book deals with many old men's, students' and scientist's biographies. This book also deals with the science of Holly Prophetic Sayings. Ibn Al Abbar's book is arranged according to the Alphabetic letters of the book. The book also presents a detailed account on the science and knowledge in Al Andalus between the fifth and sixth century A.H.. finally, the study sheds light on the role Al Sadafi did in learning his students and in granting them certificates to spread science.

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**Book of The Lexicography In The Owners
Of Imam Abi Ali Al-Sadafi Ibn Al-Abbaar
(D 658 A.H / 1260 A.D)
- Study In The Curriculum and Content -**

By
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