



جامعة الموصل
كلية التربية للبنات
قسم اللغة العربية

الشَّاهِدُ النَّظِيرُ النَّحْوِيُّ
في كتاب (مُغْنِي اللَّيْبِ) لابن هشام الأنصاري
(ت 761 هـ)

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المستخلص بلغة الرسالة

يهدف البحث الموسوم (الشاهدُ النظيرُ النحويُّ في كتاب (مغني اللبيب) لابن هشام الأَنْصَارِيِّ (ت ٧٦١ هـ)) إلى دراسة الشاهد النظير، إذ جرت عادة ابن هشام في كتابه (مغني اللبيب) وغيره من كتب النحويين السابقين أنهم يوردون شواهد أصيلة لإثبات القاعدة ثم يتبعونها بشواهد نظيرة يُعبّر عنها بلفظ (النظير) أو (المثل)؛ تدريباً للقارئ وتعضيداً للقاعدة وغرساً لفكرة القياس لدى الطالب، ويقصدُ بالشاهد النظير: هو ذلك النظير الذي يأتي بعد الشاهد الأول (الأصيل) يكون شاهداً فصيحاً أو مثلاً مصوغاً؛ لدعمه وتقويته وتعزيزه للمسألة النحوية، فركز البحث على بيان نقاط الالتقاء والافتراق بين الشاهد الأصيل والنظير.

وُصِّمَ البحث بعد مقدمة وتمهيد على فصلين:

الفصل الأول: الشاهد النظير الإفرادي.

الفصل الثاني: الشاهد النظير التركيبي.

وختَمَ البحثُ بخاتمةٍ برزت العلاقة بين الشاهد النظير والأصيل والفرق الدقيق بينهما.

اسم وتوقيع مسؤول الدراسات العليا

The introduction tackled the reason behind choosing the subject, the importance of the study, the problem of the study, the previous studies and the methodology of the study. As for the preface, it dealt with several introductory issues including; the definition of the "match" and the convergent terms and the researching of this term .

Chapter one, entitled: (the individual evidence match) was divided into two sections, the first dealt with (the evidence match of the main grammatical sections) and the second (the evidence match of the branch grammatical sections). From the other hand, chapter two tackled (the compound evidence match) and also comprised of two sections; the first entitled (the evidence match of the main grammatical sections) and the second (the evidence match of the branch grammatical sections) and all the sections were arranged alphabetically.

The conclusion of the research presented the most prominent findings the research reached and the references list and a statistical table that include the grammatical evidence followed that .

Amongst the findings of the research is that the match evidence is related logically with the similar evidence in general and in particular as each match and similar evidence is not reflected totally. Also the early grammarians and scholars dealt with the match evidence to infer the correctness of the rules. Ibn Hisham mentioned the evidence as a match not as an original as it is different, and the similar is the second evidence that comes after the original to support the rule and it is similar to it in some aspects and different from it in others .

The study recommends that it is necessary to follow up the studies related to the evidence and the match in the scope of the Holy Quran interpretation and Hadiths and also investing it in other sciences .

Abstract

The study of the equivalent evidence is considered one of the important linguistic studies as the evidence has a great importance in Arabic language and particularly in Arabic grammar as it is regarded as the base and the benchmark upon which the regulations and grammatical judgments are pivot. So, the grammatical evidence was dealt with by various classic and modern studies. The researcher chose to tackle the sections in the book entitled (Mughni AlLabeeb Aan Kutub AlA'areeb), which is written by Abu Mohammed Jamal AlDeen Ibn Hisham AlAnsari, died in 761 A.H.). In his book, Ibn Hisham always mentions an evidence to the grammatical rule and then he adds another evidence to support the first and therefore the researcher selected to study this domain in which he investigates the (match) to include the (similar) and the (resemble) and the study has been entitled: "The evidence of the grammatical match in the the book Mughni AlLabeeb Aan Kutub AlA'areeb written by Abu Mohammed Jamal AlDeen Ibn Hisham AlAnsari, died in 761 A.H.", which was chosen by the researcher's supervisor as the convenient book for this phenomenon .

The aim of the study is to manifest the points of convergence and divergence between the original evidence and the match one and our focus is on the reason that made Ibn Hisham used the word "match" not "the original" and the researcher endeavors to show the delicate differences between the two words. The researcher used the descriptive and analytical methodologies and did the statistics concerning the grammatical evidences and arranging them in tables as appendices of the current study .

The study included an introduction, preface, two chapters, a conclusion and an index that contained the references of the study.

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**The Grammatical Counterpart
Evidence in the Book
(Mughni Al-Labib) by Ibn Hisham
Al-Ansari (d. 761AH)**

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**Master Thesis
Arabic Language/ Language**

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