



جامعة الموصل
كلية التربية للعلوم الإنسانية
قسم التاريخ

الاختيار والتعيين في كتاب اخبار ولاة خراسان
المنسوب للسلامي (ت منتصف القرن الرابع
للهجرة/ العاشر للميلاد)

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الاستاذ

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Abstract

There is no doubt that Islamic history has witnessed many exciting events, which researchers have to stand on and disclose them through their study and to determine their causes. Therefore, the study was based on an important axis: the criteria for selection and appointment in the Book of Khorasan Governors' News of Salami (132-334 AH / 749-49). 945 AD).

The choice of the topic had many reasons, foremost of which is the lack of studies that dealt with this topic, in addition to shedding light on a literary figure, Abu Ali Al-Hussein Al-Salami, which can be said that this man was wronged by historical sources. An era specific to the rulers and the reasons for their appointment, in addition to this the establishment of the statelets, including: the Dhahiriya, the Saffarid and the Samanid in the countries of the East, and how was the relationship between these states and the Abbasid caliphate.

The important thing that must be mentioned is that the importance of the topic lies in collecting a lot of information related to the personality of Al-Salami, and revealing the mysterious facts and ambiguous aspects of his biography, in addition to shedding light on the governors who were appointed to the Emirate of Khorasan, both before and after the establishment of the states of the East. And considering the extent of knowing the nature of the relationship that was between these governors and the Abbasid Caliphate, in addition to following a number of criteria through which these governors were appointed to Khorasan.

It also reveals to us the importance of the topic about the extent of the role of these rulers, both negative and positive, and the extent of their influence on the conduct and course of things in Khorasan and its impact on the Abbasid Caliphate, as some of these rulers had a role in occupying many positions, whether military, political or even administrative,

through the Caliph himself Or they hold these positions through their personal qualifications or through the obvious services they provided to the Abbasid Caliphate and their facilitation in supporting the Abbasid Revolution. Therefore, this study came in order to complete what the researchers presented from previous studies regarding the appointment of governors, and to identify the most important hidden aspects that pertain to the topic.

It seems that each study has its own difficulties, but the study of the research that I am in the process of producing differs from the rest of the other study. In addition to the lack of sources, my research is considered one of the unreported studies, so there is little example of the personality of Salami, so the researcher must Reading the sources and carefully in order to reach a positive result, and this in itself required more effort and patience, in addition to the fact that the book required translating some of its pages because it was mainly written in the Persian language, and the large number of rulers who took over the rule of Khorasan made the researcher to make more effort from In order to separate the private information of each wali due to the overlapping of time periods between them, and the loss of most of Al-Salami's books was one of the most difficult difficulties that faced the researcher, because the loss of these books led to the loss of information related to Al-Salami's personality, for example, the date of his birth and death, and the loss of information through translations of some Characters were among the problems that faced the researcher in this field.

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**Selection and Nomination in Khurasan
Rulers' Biographies Book, attributed
Al-Salami (D. Mid of the Fourth century
A.H. / Tenth Century A.D.)**

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